

CASE 13.5**Shri Rajeev Menon**

Bengaluru · Below 60 years · salary

THE SOLUTIONS**SOLUTION 1****TAX YEAR 2026-27****NEW REGIME**

1 April 2026 to 31 March 2027 · Income-tax Act, 2025

Case 13.5 · Shri Rajeev Menon · Bengaluru

The regime, the Act and the dates

The answer at (A20) is No. The option under section 202(4) has not been exercised, so income-tax is computed under section 202(1). This is the DEFAULT regime, and it applies of its own force.

The return is furnished on 25 July 2027. The due date is 31 July 2027, so the return is within time and no interest and no fee follows from the date of furnishing.

INCOME FROM SALARIES		
Salary for the year, in the gross amount [section 15]	₹ 29,80,000	
Less: standard deduction — ₹ 75,000, or the salary, whichever is less [section 19(1), Table Sl. No. 2]	₹ 75,000	
Less: tax on employment — ₹ 2,400 was paid, but it is not deductible under this regime [section 202(2)(a)(iii)]	₹ 0	
Income chargeable under the head “Salaries”		₹ 29,05,000
INCOME FROM HOUSE PROPERTY		
Property 1 — Hebbal, Bengaluru — let out		
Gross rent received or receivable for the year [section 21(1)]	₹ 6,72,000	
Less: taxes paid to the local authority during the year [section 21(7)(b)]	₹ 33,600	
Annual value	₹ 6,38,400	
Less: thirty per cent of the annual value [section 22(1)(a)]	₹ 1,91,520	
Less: interest on capital borrowed to acquire it [section 22(1)(b)]	₹ 2,45,000	
Income from property 1		₹ 2,01,880
Property 2 — Jayalakshmipuram, Mysuru — self-occupied		
Annual value — nil, the property being in the occupation of the owner [section 21(6)]	₹ 0	
Less: interest on borrowed capital of ₹ 2,60,000 — denied in full by this regime [section 202(2)(a)(v)]	₹ 0	
Income from property 2		₹ 0
Total of the two properties		₹ 2,01,880
Income chargeable under the head “Income from house property”		₹ 2,01,880
INCOME FROM OTHER SOURCES		

Interest credited to the savings bank account [section 92]	₹ 27,000	
Interest on fixed deposits, in the gross amount before the tax deducted	₹ 1,95,000	
Interest received on an income-tax refund	₹ 7,800	
Dividend on listed equity shares, in the gross amount — declared and paid on 20 March 2027, so period (v) — 16 to 31 March 2027	₹ 1,25,000	
Gross income from other sources	₹ 3,54,800	
Income chargeable under the head “Income from other sources”		₹ 3,54,800
LONG-TERM CAPITAL GAINS ON LISTED EQUITY SHARES		
Total sale consideration of the shares sold, on which securities transaction tax was paid [section 198]	₹ 5,80,000	
Less: total cost of acquisition of those shares	₹ 4,72,000	
Long-term capital gain — being within ₹ 1,25,000, ITR-1 may be used, and the whole of the gain nevertheless enters the gross total income [section 198]		₹ 1,08,000
GROSS TOTAL INCOME [section 122(10)]		₹ 35,69,680
DEDUCTIONS FROM GROSS TOTAL INCOME — Chapter VIII		
Life insurance premia, provident fund and the tuition fees of his children — ₹ 1,62,000 claimed [section 123]	₹ 0	
Health insurance premia paid otherwise than in cash — ₹ 24,000 claimed [section 126]	₹ 0	
Interest on a savings account — ₹ 27,000 claimed [section 153]	₹ 0	
Nothing in this Chapter is allowed where income-tax is computed under this regime, save four provisions which these facts do not attract [section 202(2)(a)(xii)]		₹ 0
Total of the deductions allowed		₹ 0
TOTAL INCOME, rounded off to the nearest multiple of ten rupees [section 516]		₹ 35,69,680
TAX ON THE TOTAL INCOME		
Memorandum: the total income to be charged at the slab rates — the total income less the long-term capital gain of ₹ 1,08,000, which is charged separately [section 198(2)(b)]	₹ 34,61,680	
On the first ₹ 4,00,000 — Nil [section 202(1)]	Nil	
On the next ₹ 4,00,000 — 5 per cent	₹ 20,000	
On the next ₹ 4,00,000 — 10 per cent	₹ 40,000	
On the next ₹ 4,00,000 — 15 per cent	₹ 60,000	
On the next ₹ 4,00,000 — 20 per cent	₹ 80,000	
On the next ₹ 4,00,000 — 25 per cent	₹ 1,00,000	
On the balance of ₹ 10,61,680 — 30 per cent	₹ 3,18,504	
Tax on the slab income	₹ 6,18,504	
Tax on the long-term capital gain — the first ₹ 1,25,000 is not chargeable to tax, and the gain does not exceed that figure [section 198]	₹ 0	
Tax payable on the total income		₹ 6,18,504

Less: rebate — nil, the total income being past ₹ 12,70,588 [section 156]		₹ 0
Tax after rebate		₹ 6,18,504
Add: health and education cess at four per cent [section 2 of the Finance Act, 2026]		₹ 24,740
TOTAL TAX AND CESS		₹ 6,43,244
INTEREST, TAXES PAID, AND THE AMOUNT PAYABLE OR REFUNDABLE		
Memorandum: assessed tax — the total tax and cess, less the credit for tax deducted at source of ₹ 4,50,440 [section 424]	₹ 1,92,804	
Memorandum: advance tax — the challans of Schedule IT deposited on or before 31 March 2027 [sections 404 to 408]	₹ 2,10,000	
Memorandum: self-assessment tax — the challans deposited after 31 March 2027. It is not advance tax and does not count towards the ninety per cent [section 266]	₹ 35,000	
Add: interest for default in the payment of advance tax — NOT COMPUTED. Interest under sections 423 to 425 is ignored in this paper [section 424]		₹ 0
Add: interest for deferment of advance tax — NOT COMPUTED. Interest under sections 423 to 425 is ignored in this paper [section 425]		₹ 0
Add: fee for a return furnished after the due date — nil, the return having been furnished on 25 July 2027, within the due date of 31 July 2027 [section 428(a)]		₹ 0
Total tax, fee and interest, rounded off [section 516]		₹ 6,43,240
Less: advance tax paid — Schedule IT [sections 404 to 408]	₹ 2,10,000	
Less: self-assessment tax paid — Schedule IT [section 266]	₹ 35,000	
Less: tax deducted from salary or pension — Schedule TDS [section 392]	₹ 4,05,000	
Less: tax deducted from the interest on fixed deposits — Schedule TDS [section 393(1), Table Sl. No. 5(ii)]	₹ 19,500	
Less: tax deducted from the dividend — Schedule TDS [section 393(1), Table Sl. No. 2]	₹ 12,500	
Less: tax deducted from the rent of Property 1 by the tenant, an individual having no tax deduction account number — Schedule TDS [section 393(3), Table Sl. No. 4]	₹ 13,440	
Total taxes paid		₹ 6,95,440
REFUND DUE, rounded off [sections 431 and 437]		₹ 52,200

The three figures to check

Total income ₹ 35,69,680 Total tax, fee and interest ₹ 6,43,240 Refund due ₹ 52,200

SOLUTION 2
TAX YEAR 2026-27
OLD REGIME

1 April 2026 to 31 March 2027 · Income-tax Act, 2025
Case 13.5 · Shri Rajeev Menon · Bengaluru

The regime, the Act and the dates

The answer at (A20) is Yes. The option under section 202(4) of opting out of the default regime has been exercised, so income-tax is charged at the rates in Paragraph A of Part I-B of the First Schedule to the Finance Act, 2026. The workbook prints this regime as the OPTIONAL regime; the two words mean the same thing. The return is furnished on 25 July 2027. The due date is 31 July 2027, so the return is within time and no interest and no fee follows from the date of furnishing.

INCOME FROM SALARIES		
Salary for the year, in the gross amount [section 15]	₹ 29,80,000	
Less: standard deduction — ₹ 50,000, or the salary, whichever is less [section 19(1), Table Sl. No. 2]	₹ 50,000	
Less: tax on employment paid to the Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike [section 19(1), Table Sl. No. 1]	₹ 2,400	
Income chargeable under the head “Salaries”		₹ 29,27,600
INCOME FROM HOUSE PROPERTY		
Property 1 — Hebbal, Bengaluru — let out		
Gross rent received or receivable for the year [section 21(1)]	₹ 6,72,000	
Less: taxes paid to the local authority during the year [section 21(7)(b)]	₹ 33,600	
Annual value	₹ 6,38,400	
Less: thirty per cent of the annual value [section 22(1)(a)]	₹ 1,91,520	
Less: interest on capital borrowed to acquire it [section 22(1)(b)]	₹ 2,45,000	
Income from property 1		₹ 2,01,880
Property 2 — Jayalakshmipuram, Mysuru — self-occupied		
Annual value — nil, the property being in the occupation of the owner [section 21(6)]	₹ 0	
Less: interest on borrowed capital of ₹ 2,60,000, restricted to what is left of the ceiling of ₹ 2,00,000 for both self-occupied properties together [section 22(1)(b)]	₹ 2,00,000	
Income from property 2		(₹ 2,00,000)
Total of the two properties		₹ 1,880
Income chargeable under the head “Income from house property”		₹ 1,880
INCOME FROM OTHER SOURCES		
Interest credited to the savings bank account [section 92]	₹ 27,000	
Interest on fixed deposits, in the gross amount before the tax deducted	₹ 1,95,000	
Interest received on an income-tax refund	₹ 7,800	

Dividend on listed equity shares, in the gross amount — declared and paid on 20 March 2027, so period (v) — 16 to 31 March 2027	₹ 1,25,000	
Gross income from other sources	₹ 3,54,800	
Income chargeable under the head “Income from other sources”		₹ 3,54,800
LONG-TERM CAPITAL GAINS ON LISTED EQUITY SHARES		
Total sale consideration of the shares sold, on which securities transaction tax was paid [section 198]	₹ 5,80,000	
Less: total cost of acquisition of those shares	₹ 4,72,000	
Long-term capital gain — being within ₹ 1,25,000, ITR-1 may be used, and the whole of the gain nevertheless enters the gross total income [section 198]		₹ 1,08,000
GROSS TOTAL INCOME [section 122(10)]		₹ 33,92,280
DEDUCTIONS FROM GROSS TOTAL INCOME — Chapter VIII		
Life insurance premia, provident fund and the tuition fees of his children — ₹ 1,62,000 was claimed, and is restricted to the statutory ceiling [section 123]	₹ 1,50,000	
Health insurance premia paid otherwise than in cash [section 126]	₹ 24,000	
Interest on a savings account — ₹ 27,000 was claimed, and is restricted to the statutory ceiling [section 153]	₹ 10,000	
Total of the deductions allowed		₹ 1,84,000
TOTAL INCOME, rounded off to the nearest multiple of ten rupees [section 516]		₹ 32,08,280
TAX ON THE TOTAL INCOME		
Memorandum: the total income to be charged at the slab rates — the total income less the long-term capital gain of ₹ 1,08,000, which is charged separately [section 198(2)(b)]	₹ 31,00,280	
On the first ₹ 2,50,000 — Nil [Paragraph A of Part I-B of the First Schedule to the Finance Act, 2026]	Nil	
On the next ₹ 2,50,000 — 5 per cent	₹ 12,500	
On the next ₹ 5,00,000 — 20 per cent	₹ 1,00,000	
On the balance of ₹ 21,00,280 — 30 per cent	₹ 6,30,084	
Tax on the slab income	₹ 7,42,584	
Tax on the long-term capital gain — the first ₹ 1,25,000 is not chargeable to tax, and the gain does not exceed that figure [section 198]	₹ 0	
Tax payable on the total income		₹ 7,42,584
Less: rebate — nil, the total income being past ₹ 5,00,000 [section 156]		₹ 0
Tax after rebate		₹ 7,42,584
Add: health and education cess at four per cent [section 2 of the Finance Act, 2026]		₹ 29,703
TOTAL TAX AND CESS		₹ 7,72,287
INTEREST, TAXES PAID, AND THE AMOUNT PAYABLE OR REFUNDABLE		
Memorandum: assessed tax — the total tax and cess, less the credit for tax deducted at source of ₹ 4,50,440 [section 424]	₹ 3,21,847	

Memorandum: advance tax — the challans of Schedule IT deposited on or before 31 March 2027 [sections 404 to 408]	₹ 2,10,000	
Memorandum: self-assessment tax — the challans deposited after 31 March 2027. It is not advance tax and does not count towards the ninety per cent [section 266]	₹ 35,000	
Add: interest for default in the payment of advance tax — NOT COMPUTED. Interest under sections 423 to 425 is ignored in this paper [section 424]		₹ 0
Add: interest for deferment of advance tax — NOT COMPUTED. Interest under sections 423 to 425 is ignored in this paper [section 425]		₹ 0
Add: fee for a return furnished after the due date — nil, the return having been furnished on 25 July 2027, within the due date of 31 July 2027 [section 428(a)]		₹ 0
Total tax, fee and interest, rounded off [section 516]		₹ 7,72,290
Less: advance tax paid — Schedule IT [sections 404 to 408]	₹ 2,10,000	
Less: self-assessment tax paid — Schedule IT [section 266]	₹ 35,000	
Less: tax deducted from salary or pension — Schedule TDS [section 392]	₹ 4,05,000	
Less: tax deducted from the interest on fixed deposits — Schedule TDS [section 393(1), Table Sl. No. 5(ii)]	₹ 19,500	
Less: tax deducted from the dividend — Schedule TDS [section 393(1), Table Sl. No. 2]	₹ 12,500	
Less: tax deducted from the rent of Property 1 by the tenant, an individual having no tax deduction account number — Schedule TDS [section 393(3), Table Sl. No. 4]	₹ 13,440	
Total taxes paid		₹ 6,95,440
AMOUNT PAYABLE, rounded off [section 266]		₹ 76,850

The three figures to check

Total income ₹ 32,08,280 Total tax, fee and interest ₹ 7,72,290 Amount payable ₹ 76,850

The two solutions of this case, side by side

What moves when (A20) moves, and nothing else does

The facts of the case do not change with the regime. What changes is what the Act allows against them: the standard deduction of section 19(1), the tax on employment, the interest on a self-occupied house under section 22(1)(b), the set-off of a loss under section 109(1)(b), the family pension deduction of section 93(1)(d), the whole of Chapter VIII, the slab table, and the rebate of section 156.

Read the table downwards and you can see, line by line, exactly what section 202(2) takes away and what Paragraph A gives back.

Nothing on this page is needed in order to work the case. A student sitting the practical works one regime at a time and never turns to it. It is for the revision class afterwards, and for the teacher.

Case 13.5 — Shri Rajeev Menon, Bengaluru

Particulars	Solution 1 NEW regime (A20) = No	Solution 2 OLD regime (A20) = Yes
Income from salaries	₹ 29,05,000	₹ 29,27,600
Income from house property	₹ 2,01,880	₹ 1,880
Income from other sources	₹ 3,54,800	₹ 3,54,800
Long-term capital gain	₹ 1,08,000	₹ 1,08,000
Gross total income	₹ 35,69,680	₹ 33,92,280
Deductions allowed under Chapter VIII	—	₹ 1,84,000
TOTAL INCOME	₹ 35,69,680	₹ 32,08,280
Tax on the total income	₹ 6,18,504	₹ 7,42,584
Health and education cess	₹ 24,740	₹ 29,703
TOTAL TAX AND CESS	₹ 6,43,244	₹ 7,72,287
Interest for default in advance tax [section 424] — not computed, ignored in this paper	—	—
Total tax, fee and interest	₹ 6,43,240	₹ 7,72,290
Advance tax paid	₹ 2,10,000	₹ 2,10,000
Self-assessment tax paid	₹ 35,000	₹ 35,000
Tax deducted at source	₹ 4,50,440	₹ 4,50,440
Total taxes paid	₹ 6,95,440	₹ 6,95,440
AMOUNT PAYABLE	—	₹ 76,850
REFUND DUE	₹ 52,200	—

Which regime costs this assessee less

For Shri Rajeev Menon the cheaper of the two is the NEW regime — he should leave (A20) at No and stay in the default regime, by ₹ 1,29,043 of tax and cess.

The same solutions, filled into the Excel workbook

Both solutions are worked field by field in a live Form ITR-1 SAHAJ in the workbook “Excel-Case 5.xlsm”, free from www.taxclasses.in. It is macro-enabled: after downloading it, right-click the file → Properties → tick Unblock → OK, then open it and click Enable Content on the yellow bar. The eight buttons at the head of each solution sheet will not work until both of those are done.

Note. Interest under sections 423, 424 and 425 is NOT COMPUTED in this paper. The rows remain on the form, because they are on the notified return, but nothing is worked out against them. In practical life the interest is charged, and the return of a real assessee would carry it.